

23 March 2021

To whom it may concern,

iBeta Quality Assurance conducted Presentation Attack Detection (PAD) testing in accordance with ISO/IEC 30107-3. iBeta is accredited by NIST/NVLAP (NVLAP Lab Code: 200962) to test and provide results to this PAD standard (certificate and scope may be downloaded from the NVLAP website).

This testing was conducted with EveVerify's Presentation Attack Detection application Version 2.0 (28) on two iOS devices associated with the EyeVerify Presentation Attack Detection server running on CentOS in an AWS environment. Testing was conducted from the 8th of March to the 22nd of March 2021 on two smartphones (iPhone 11 with iOS 14.4 and iPhone 12 Pro with iOS 14.1).

Testing was conducted in accordance with the contract for a level of spoofing technique that only utilized simple, readily available methods to create artefacts of the genuine biometric for use in the presentation attack. The subjects for the test effort were cooperative – meaning that they were willing and able to provide any and all biometric samples, including high quality photos and videos of their likeness. The test time for each PAD test per PAI was limited to eight hours. This is considered a Level 1 PAD test effort (first of three levels).

The test method involved enrolling subjects and having them authenticate five times successfully. The authentications or verifications as well as the presentation attacks (PAs) were conducted with the subject or artefact wearing a standard blue medical mask. Six species of PAs were then attempted ten times each. As each attempt was conducted, the application would generally provide instructional messages. The application would state 'Failed. You have failed verification', defining an unsuccessful result which, in turn, corresponded to over 720 total presentation attacks over the entire test effort on the iPhone 11 with iOS 14.4 and iPhone 12 Pro with iOS 14.1. At the conclusion of the PAD testing, the subject returned and authenticated five times successfully to verify that the Presentation Attack Detection application was still able to recognize the genuine subject. On each smartphone used in the test, iBeta was not able to gain unauthorized access with a presentation attack. With 60 attempts for each species, the total number of attacks was 720 (360 per device) and the Presentation Attack (PA) success rate was 0%.

The EyeVerify Presentation Attack Detection application Version 2.0 (28) was tested by iBeta to the ISO 30107-3 Biometric Presentation Attack Detection Standard and was found to be in compliance with Level 1.

Best regards.

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